GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Name of College or University: Colorado College Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 14 E. Cache La Poudre St. Colorado Springs, CO 80903 **Main Phone Number**: 719-389-6000 Home Page Address: www.coloradocollege.edu Admissions Phone Number: 719-389-6344 Admissions Toll-free Number: 800-542-7214 Admissions Fax Number: 719-389-6816 Admissions E-mail Address: admission@coloradocollege.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: A2. Source of institutional control (check one only): ☐ Public □ Private (nonprofit) ☐ Proprietary A3. Classify your undergraduate institution: □ Coeducational college ☐ Men's college ☐ Women's college A4. Academic year calendar **⊠** Semester $\Box 4-1-4$ ☐ Quarter ☐ Continuous ☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe): Block Plan (eight 3 ½ week blocks) ☑ Other (describe): A5. Degrees offered by your institution ☐ Certificate ☐ Post-bachelor's certificate ☐ Diploma ☐ Associate ☐ Post-master's certificate ☐ Transfer ☐ Doctoral degree research/scholarship ☐ Terminal ☐ Doctoral degree – professional practice ⊠ Bachelor's ☐ Doctoral degree – other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of **October 15, 2020**.

- ✓ Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.
- ✓ For information on reporting study abroad students please see: This Document at NCES.GOV

	FULL-TIME		PAR	Г-ТІМЕ
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduate Students		Undergradu	ate Students	
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen students	229	309	0	0
Other first-year, degree-seeking students	23	17	3	2
All other degree-seeking undergraduate students	576	731	60	73
Total degree-seeking undergraduate students	828	1,057	63	75
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	1	0	1
Undergraduate Students	828	1,058	63	76
Graduate Students		Graduate	Students	
Degree-seeking, first-time				
All other degree-seeking	3	4	2	15
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	1	0
Total Graduate Students	3	4	3	15
Total All Students	831	1,062	66	91

Total All Undergraduates: 2025

Total All Graduate Students: 25

Grand Total All Students: 2050

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of <u>October 15, 2020</u>.

- ✓ Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens."
- ✓ Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.
- Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	29	143	144
Hispanic/Latino	83	230	230
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	20	63	63
White, non-Hispanic	325	1,296	1,296
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	4	9	9
Asian, non-Hispanic	29	99	100
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	3	6	6
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	42	146	146
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	3	31	31
Total	538	2,023	2,025

B3. Persistence

Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2019, to June 30, 2020.

AWARD TYPE	# AWARDED
Certificate/diploma:	
Associate degrees:	
Bachelor's degrees:	550
Post-bachelor's certificates:	
Master's degrees:	20
Post-master's certificates:	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship:	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice:	
Doctoral degrees – other:	

B4-B21: Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

✓ For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2020-2021 Survey. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/9/graduation-rates

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2013 and Fall 2014 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)
 - * Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the **Fall 2014** cohort if available. If **Fall 2014** cohort data are not available, provide data for the **Fall 2013** cohort.

Fall 2014 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A	Initial 2014 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	68	17	464	549
В	Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: Deceased Permanently Disabled Armed Forces Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government Official church missions Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0
C	Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	68	17	464	549
D	Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2018)	60	14	378	452
E	Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)	2	0	24	26

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
F	Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2019 and by Aug. 31, 2020)	0	0	5	5
G	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	62	14	407	483
Н	Six-year graduation rate for 2014 cohort (G divided by C)	91.2%	82.4%	87.7%	88.0%

Fall 2013 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A	Initial 2013 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	57	22	449	528
В	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: Deceased Permanently Disabled Armed Forces Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government Official church missions Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0
C	Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	57	22	449	528
D	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2017)	48	16	357	421
E	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018)	2	0	13	15
F	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)	0	0	3	3
G	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	50	16	373	439
Н	Six-year graduation rate for 2013 cohort (G divided by C)	87.7%	72.7%	83.1%	83.1%

B22. Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2019 (or the preceding summer term).

- ✓ The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons:
 - * Death
 - * Permanent Disability
 - * Service in the armed forces
 - * Foreign aid service of the federal government
 - * Official church missions
 - * No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2019 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2020.

86.2% including only those enrolled; 96.8% including all on leave and expected to return

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

C1-C2: Applications

- **C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students:** Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in **Fall 2020**.
 - ✓ Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort.
 - ✓ Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
 - ✓ Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

FIRST-TIME, FIRST YEAR (FRESHMAN) STUDENT APPLICANTS	TOTAL
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	4019
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	6238
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants	10257
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	555
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	840
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) admitted	1395
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	231
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	308
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	0
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled	539

C2. Freshman wait-listed students

✓ Students who met admission requirements but v	whose fina	al admission w	as contingent o	on space a	vailability)
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	⊠ Yes	□ No			

If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2020 admissions:

WAITING LIST	TOTAL
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list:	700
Number accepting a place on the waiting list:	224
Number of wait-listed students admitted:	23

Is your waiting list ranked? Yes No		
\Rightarrow If yes, do you release that information to s	students?	No 🗆 No
⇒ Do you release that information to school	counselors?	□ No

C3-C5: Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

 \square Selective admission to some programs

C3. High school	completion requirement							
Check the approp	Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:							
 ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is accepted ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted ☒ High school diploma or equivalent is not required 								
C4. Does your in	C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?							
☐ Require ☐ Recom ☐ Neither								
course units	n of high school units required and/or required and/or recommended of all or study or its equivalent). If you use a different study or its equivalent.	most degree-seeking stud	dents using Carnegie units					
		Units Required	Units Recommended					
	Total academic units	16	20					
	English	4	4	•				
	Mathematics							
	Science							
	Of these, units that must be lab							
	Foreign language							
	Social studies							
	History							
	Academic electives							
	Computer Science							
	Visual/Performing Arts							
	Other (specify)							
C6-C7: Basis for Selection								
	e an open admission policy, under wh diplomas are admitted without regard to							
If so, check which applies: ☐ Open admission policy as described above for all students								
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but								
☐ Selective admission for out-of-state students								

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	\boxtimes			
Class rank			\boxtimes	
Academic GPA		\boxtimes		
Standardized test scores			\boxtimes	
Application Essay		\bowtie		
Recommendation		\boxtimes		
Nonacademic				
Interview		\bowtie		
Extracurricular activities		\boxtimes		
Talent/ability			\boxtimes	
Character/personal qualities			\boxtimes	
First generation			\boxtimes	
Alumni/ae relation			\boxtimes	
Geographical residence			\boxtimes	
State residency			\boxtimes	
Religious affiliation/commitment			\boxtimes	
Racial/ethnic status			\boxtimes	
Volunteer work			\boxtimes	
Work experience			\bowtie	
Level of applicant's interest			\boxtimes	

C8: SAT and ACT Policies

Entrance exams

Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants:					
⊠ Yes □ No					
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate 2022.	boxes below to	o reflect your insti	tution's policies	for use in admiss	sion for Fall
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT					
ACT Only					
SAT Only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					
If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2022 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process): □ ACT with writing required □ ACT with or without writing accepted If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2022 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the Essay score will be used in the admissions process): □ SAT with Essay component required □ SAT with ESSAY component recommended □ SAT with or without ESSAY component accepted Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.					
		SAT Essay	ACT I	Essay	
For admission For placement					
For advising					
In place of an application essay				· [
As a validity check on the application	process			I	
No college policy of now				I	
Not using essay component		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		

D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

	Yes	⊠ No
E. La	atest da	te by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission:
	\Rightarrow	1/15/2021
La	atest da	te by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission:
	\Rightarrow	NA
		y, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not of some students):
G. Plea	ase indi	icate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
	⋈ AP□ CL□ Inst	T Subject Tests
С9-С	12: F	reshman Profile
enrolle	ed in F	mation for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students all 2020, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and tted under special arrangements.
		and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2020 who submitted national (SAT/ACT) test scores.
✓		nde information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted scores.
✓		not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or bine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item.
✓	Do n	not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.
✓		student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the For example:
		If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).

	Percent	Number
Submitting SAT Scores	50%	268
Submitting ACT Scores	43%	232

If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25^{th} percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75^{th} percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile Score	75th Percentile Score
SAT Composite	1260	1440
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	630	720
SAT Math	610	740
ACT Composite	29	33
ACT Math	26	31
ACT English	30	35
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score Range	SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	40.90%	41.30%
600-699	46.10%	39.80%
500-599	11.20%	16.70%
400-499	1.80%	2.20%
300-399	0.00%	0.00%
200-299	0.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	100.00%

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	43.5%
1200-1399	42.8%
1000-1199	11.9%
800-999	1.8%
600-799	0.0%
400-599	0.0%
	100.00%

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	66.70%	77.90%	39.10%
24-29	28.60%	18.60%	50.00%
18-23	4.70%	3.50%	10.90%
12-17	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information)

Assessment	Percent
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	73%
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	91%
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	100%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	0%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	0%
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted	
high school class rank:	32%

Top half + bottom half = 100%.

- C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale).
 - **✓** Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Score Range	Percent
Percent who had GPA of 4.0	
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99	
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
	100%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:

	%
Average High School GPA	

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:

	%
Percent Submitting GPA	

C13-C20: Admission Policies

C13. Application fee

✓ If your institution has waived its application fee for the Fall 2021 admission cycle please select no.

Does your institution have an application fee? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Amount of application fee:

Can it be waived for applicant	s with financial need? Yes No		
If you have an application fee an	d an on-line application option, please i	ndicate policy	for students who apply on-line:
☐ Same Fee ☐ Free ☐ Reduced			
Can on-line application fee be wa	nived for applicants with financial need	? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No)
C14. Application closing date			
Does your institution have an	application closing date?		
		Date	
	Application closing date (fall)	1/15	
	Priority Date	1/15	
C15. Are first-time, first-year stu	dents accepted for terms other than the	e fall? 🛮 Yes	□ No
C16. Notification to applicants of	admission decision sent (fill in one only)	
☐ On a rolling basis beginn☑ By (date): 4/1☐ Other: Click or tap here	ing (date): Click or tap here to enter text. to enter text.		
C17. Reply policy for admitted a	pplicants (fill in one only)		
 ✓ Must reply by (date): 5/1 ✓ No set date ✓ Must reply by May 1st or ✓ Other: Click or tap here 	within Click or tap here to enter text. week	eks if notified	thereafter
Deadline for housing deposit (Amount of housing deposit: C	MMDD): Click or tap here to enter text. lick or tap here to enter text.		
Refundable if student does not	enroll?		
☐ Yes, in full☐ Yes, in part☐ No			
C18. Deferred admission: Does y	our institution allow students to postpone	enrollment af	ter admission?
⊠ Yes □ No			
If yes, maximum period of pos	stponement: 2 years		
	ool students: Does your institution allow lents one year or more before high school		udents to enroll as full-time, first-
□ Yes ⊠ No			
C20. Common Application: Ques	tion removed from CDS. (Initiated during	; 2006-2007 cy	vcle)

C21-C22: Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?
☑ Yes □ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date: 11/1 First or only early decision plan notification date: 12/15
Other early decision plan closing date: 1/15 Other early decision plan notification date: 2/15
For the Fall 2020 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution: 1323 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan: 311
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan: Click or tap here to enter text.
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date: 11/1 Early action notification date: 12/20

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

☐ Yes ☒ No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

D1-D2: Fall Applicants

D1.	Does your institution enroll transfer students?	\boxtimes	Yes	No
	(If no, please skip to Section E)			

If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in <u>Fall</u> **2020.**

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	210	29	15
Women	361	50	16
Total	571	79	31

D3-D11: Application for Admission

D3.	Indicate	terms	for	which	transfers	may	enroll	:
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 ☒ Fall
 ☒ Winter
 ☒ Spring
 ☒ Summer

D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?

☐ Yes No

If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript	\boxtimes				
College transcript(s)	\boxtimes				
Essay or personal statement	\boxtimes				
Interview		\boxtimes			
Standardized test scores					\boxtimes
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	\boxtimes				

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D8 .	List any	other	application	requirements	specific to	transfer applicants

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	3/1		5/1	5/15	
Winter					
Spring	10/15		11/15	12/1	
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
1 1 7 1 7 11 7		

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

D12-D17: Transfer Credit Policies

D12.	Repo	ort the	lowest	grade	earned	for a	any	course	that	may	be	transferred	for	credit:

 \Rightarrow C

- **D13.** Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:
- D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:
- D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
- D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:

 \Rightarrow 64 semester hours

D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

D18-D22: Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:

American Council on Education (ACE) ☐ Yes ☒ No

College Level Examination Program (CLEP) ☐ Yes ☒ No

DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) ☐ Yes ☒ No

D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):

D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):

D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website? ☐ Yes ☒ No

D22. Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available	le at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
☐ Accelerated program ☐	Honors program
☐ Cooperative education program ⊠	Independent study
☐ Cross-registration ⊠	Internships
□ Distance learning □	Liberal arts/career combination
□ Double major □	Student-designed major
☐ Dual enrollment 区	Study abroad
\boxtimes English as a Second Language (ESL)	Teacher certification program
\boxtimes Exchange student program (domestic)	Weekend college
☐ External degree program	
	ilable; co-operative 3-2, & 4-2, arrangements available;
Distance learning implemented as a response to Co	OVID-19
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to	complete some course work prior to graduation:
☐ Arts/fine arts	
☐ Computer literacy	
☐ English (including composition)	☐ Philosophy
□ Foreign languages	⊠ Sciences (biological or physical)
☐ History	⊠ Social science
☐ Other (specify): Click or tap here to enter text.	

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2020 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first- year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	75%	80%
Percent of men who join fraternities		
Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	*	*
Percent who live off campus or commute	*	*
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	>1%
Average age of full-time students	19	20
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	19	20

^{*}Due to COVID-19 and requirements in campus dedensification, these figures have varied greatly during the fall term.

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution. ⊠ Campus Ministries ☑ Literary magazine □ Radio station □ Choral groups ☐ Marching band ⊠ Student government ⊠ Model UN ⊠ Student newspaper □ Dance ⊠ Student-run film society □ Drama/theater ☐ Symphony orchestra ☑ International Student Organization ☐ Television station ☐ Pep band **F3. ROTC** (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps) Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☑ At cooperating institution (name): University of Colorado, Colorado Springs Naval ROTC is offered: No Air Force ROTC is offered: No F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution. ☐ Special housing for international students ☑ Fraternity/sorority housing ☐ Men's dorms ⊠ Women's dorms ☐ Cooperative housing ☐ Apartments for married students ☑ Apartments for single students ☑ Other housing options (specify): College-owned cottages; Greek housing ☐ Special housing for disabled students for fraternities only

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

⇒ https://www.coloradocollege.edu/admission/financialaid/net-price-calculator-myintuition/

Provide 2021-2022 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

- □ Check here if your institution's 2021-2022 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2021-2022 academic year costs of attendance will be available:
 - ⇒ March 2021

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the **FULL 2021-2022** academic year. (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits).

- A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan.
- ✓ Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
- ✓ **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.)
- ✓ Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
Tuition: In-district:		
Tuition: In-state (out-of-district):		
Tuition: Out-of-state:		
Tuition: Non-resident alien		
FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS		
Required Fees		
Room and Board (on-campus):		
Room Only (on-campus):		
Board Only (on-campus meal plan):		

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

 \Rightarrow Click or tap here to enter text.

Ot	Other: Click or tap here to enter text.					
G2. Num	aber of credits per term a student ca	n take for the stated f	ull-time tuition.			
Mir	Minimum: Click or tap here to enter text.					
Max	ximum: Click or tap here to enter text.					
G3. Do t	uition and fees vary by year of study	(e.g., sophomore, jur	nior, senior)?			
□ Y	es 🗆 No					
G4. Do t	uition and fees vary by undergradua	te instructional prog	ram?			
□ Y	es 🗆 No					
If ye	s, what percentage of full-time unde	rgraduates pay more	than the tuition and	fees reported in G1?		
	⇒ Click or tap here to enter text.%					
G5. Pro	vide the estimated expenses for a typ	oical full-time underg	raduate student:			
	The state of the s	T		Commuters		
		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	(not living at home)		
	Books and supplies:					
	Room only:					
	Board only:					
	Room and board total*					
	Transportation:					
	Other expenses:					
:	* If your college cannot provide separa	eta room and board fig	uras for commutars no	at living at home		
		_	ures for commuters no	t fiving at nome		
Go. Una	ergraduate per-credit-hour charges	(tuition only):				
	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:					
	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS:					
	In-district:					
	In-state (out-of-district):					
	Out-of-state:					

NONRESIDENT ALIENS:

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants

- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

DO NOT INCLUDE ANY AID RELATED TO THE CARES ACT OR UNIQUE THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

- H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.
 - ✓ If the data being reported are final figures for the 2019-2020 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2019-2020 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.
 - ✓ Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
 - ✓ Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid column</u>.
 - ✓ For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.
 - ✓ Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Indicate the academic ye	ear for which data are r	eported for items H1,	, H2, H2A,	, and H6 below:
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■ 2020-2021 estimated or □ 2019-2020 Final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
☐ Federal methodology (FM)
☐ Institutional methodology (IM)
☐ Both FM and IM

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	(Include non-need- based aid use to meet need.)	(Exclude non-need- based aid use to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants	,	,
Federal	\$ 1,626,940	\$0
State all states, not only the state in which your institution is located	\$146,613	\$0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$36,751,484	\$1,049,745
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$1,298,545	\$1,050,153
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$38,196,642	\$2,099,898
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$1,333,528	\$2,429,231
Federal Work-Study	\$615,689	0
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$196,879	\$1,100
Total Self-Help	\$2,146,096	\$2,430,331
Parent Loans	\$0	\$1,117,810

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	(Include non-need- based aid use to meet need.)	(Exclude non-need- based aid use to meet need.)
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$228,482	\$764,361
Athletic Awards	\$254,516	\$2,097,671

- **H2.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.
 - ✓ Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.
 - ✓ Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
 - ✓ In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
 - ✓ Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
A	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2020 cohort)	537	2023	
В	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	264	831	
С	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	239	753	
D	Number of students in line ${\bf c}$ who were awarded any financial aid	239	753	
E	Number of students in line \mathbf{d} who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	237	751	
F	Number of students in line ${\bf d}$ who were awarded any need-based selfhelp aid	149	539	
G	Number of students in line \mathbf{d} who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	14	43	
Н	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)</u>	239	753	
I	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100.0%	100.0%	%
J	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 60,181	\$ 59,315	\$
K	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line ${\bf e}$	\$ 56,559	\$ 53,576	\$
L	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 3,574	\$ 4,001	\$

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
M	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,039	\$ 3,874	\$

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.

- ✓ Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
- ✓ In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
- ✓ Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
N	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	34	152	0
o	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 6,490	\$ 6,955	\$ 0
P	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	11	33	0
Q	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 70,142	\$ 63,566	\$ 0

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5.

Include:

- 2020 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020.
- Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- Co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- Any aid related to the CARE Act or unique the COVID-19 pandemic.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2020 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020. Exclude students who transferred into your institution.

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed.

- The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.
- The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

	Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
A	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	140	28.28%	\$20,963
В	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	133	26.87%	\$17,495
C	Institutional loan programs.	0	0.00%	\$0
D	State loan programs.	0	0.00%	\$0
Е	Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	14	2.82%	\$43,441

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens

• Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

- ☑ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
- ☑ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
- ☐ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:

 \Rightarrow 102

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

 \Rightarrow 45253

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

 \Rightarrow 4615854

H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
 ☐ Institution's own financial aid form ☑ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE ☐ International Student's Financial Aid Application ☐ International Student's Certification of Finances ☐ Other: Click or tap here to enter text.
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
 □ FAFSA □ Institution's own financial aid form □ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE □ State aid form □ Noncustodial PROFILE □ Business/Farm Supplement □ Other: Click or tap here to enter text.
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:
$\Rightarrow 11/1$
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:
$\Rightarrow 11/1$
\square No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis)
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
 ⊠ Students notified on or about (date): 12/18 □ Students notified on a rolling basis. Starting date: Click or tap here to enter text.
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): 5/1
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
 ☑ Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans ☑ Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans ☑ Direct PLUS Loans ☐ Federal Perkins Loans ☐ Federal Nursing Loans ☐ State Loans ☐ College/university loans from institutional funds

A d:						
Non-Need Based Need-Based						
H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.						
☐ Other (specify): Click or tap here to enter text.						
_	☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship					
_	☐ United Negro College Fund					
⊠ College/university schola	arship or grant aid fror	n institutional funds				
□ Private Scholarships						
State scholarships/grants						
⊠ SEOG						
H13. Need Based Scholarships and Grants						
☐ Other (specify): Click or tap here to enter text.						

	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
Academics	\boxtimes	
Alumni affiliation		
Art		
Athletics	\boxtimes	
Job skills		
ROTC		
Leadership	\boxtimes	
Minority status		
Music/drama		
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency		

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

⇒ Colorado Pledge: 0-\$60k=no family contribution toward direct costs, \$60k-\$125k=no family contribution toward tuition, \$125k-\$200k=no more than the cost of state college (all will typical assets)

Are these policies related to the COVID-19 pandemic?

☐ Yes No

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2020. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
A	Instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
В	Administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
С	Other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
D	Undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
Е	Faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
F	Faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
G	Replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

		Full-time	Part-time	Total
A	Total number of instructional faculty	209	36	245
В	Total number who are members of minority groups	60	7	67
С	Total number who are women	106	24	130
D	Total number who are men	103	12	115
Е	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	5	0	5
F	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	206	15	221
G	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	2	12	14
Н	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	5	6
I	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	4	4
J	Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	2	2

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2020 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students.

• Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2029 Student to Faculty ratio: 9 to 1

Based on 1932.33 students and 220.33 faculty)

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2020 term.

✓ Please include classes that have been moved online in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2020. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	128	260	122	5	1	0	0	516
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Agriculture			0.00%	01
Natural resources and conservation			5.82%	03
Architecture			0.00%	04
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			4.00%	05
Communication/journalism			0.00%	09
Communication technologies			0.00%	10
Computer and information sciences			5.45%	11
Personal and culinary services			0.00%	12
Education			1.82%	13
Engineering			0.00%	14
Engineering technologies			0.00%	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			3.45%	16
Family and consumer sciences			0.00%	19
Law/legal studies			0.00%	22
English			3.82%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			1.09%	24
Library science			0.00%	25
Biological/life sciences			17.45%	26
Mathematics and statistics			3.45%	27
Military science and military technologies			0.00%	28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			4.36%	30
Parks and recreation			0.00%	31
Philosophy and religious studies			3.45%	38
Theology and religious vocations			0.00%	39
Physical sciences			6.00%	40
Science technologies			0.00%	41
Psychology			4.73%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services			0.00%	43

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Public administration and social services			0.00%	44
Social sciences			29.64%	45
Construction trades			0.00%	46
Mechanic and repair technologies			0.00%	47
Precision production			0.00%	48
Transportation and materials moving			0.00%	49
Visual and performing arts			3.27%	50
Health professions and related programs			0.00%	51
Business/marketing			0.00%	52
History			2.18%	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years.

Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants

- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.